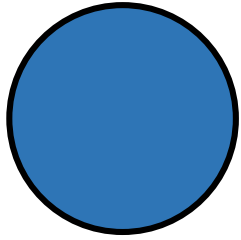
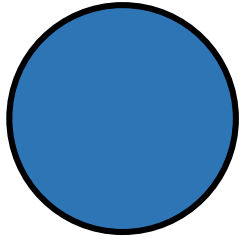


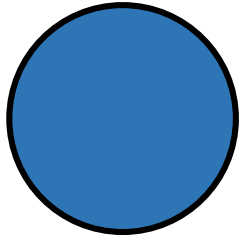
A population of individuals



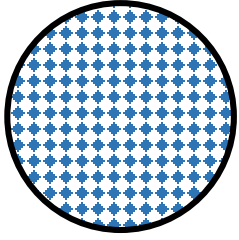
one individual
(or actor, or agent, or node)



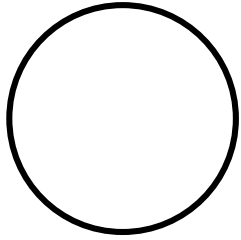
Ego



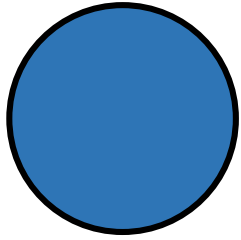
Ego characteristics



Ego characteristics



Ego characteristics



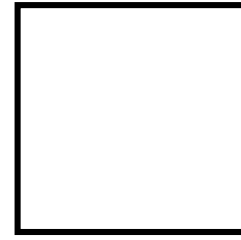
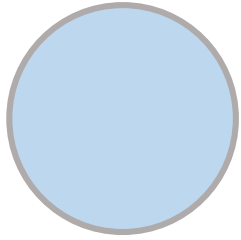
ego *i*

Ego characteristics



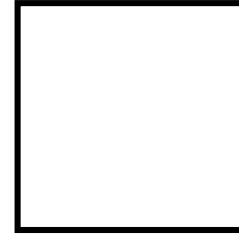
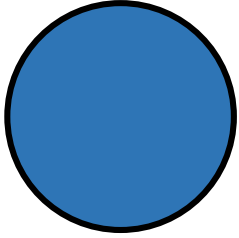
ego j

Ego characteristics



Ego

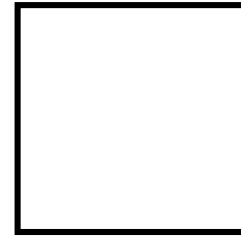
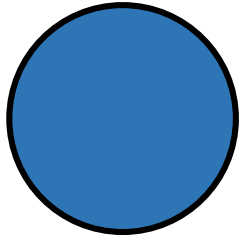
Alter



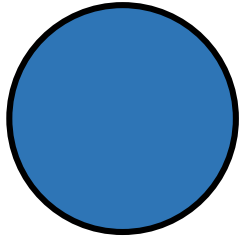
Dyad



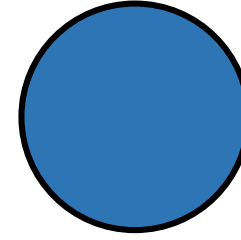
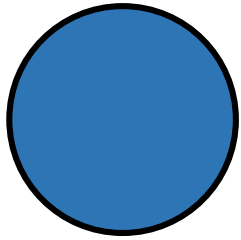
Dyad



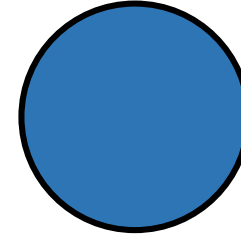
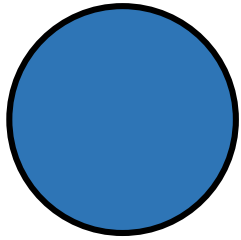
Dyad characteristic: similarity



Dyad characteristic: similarity



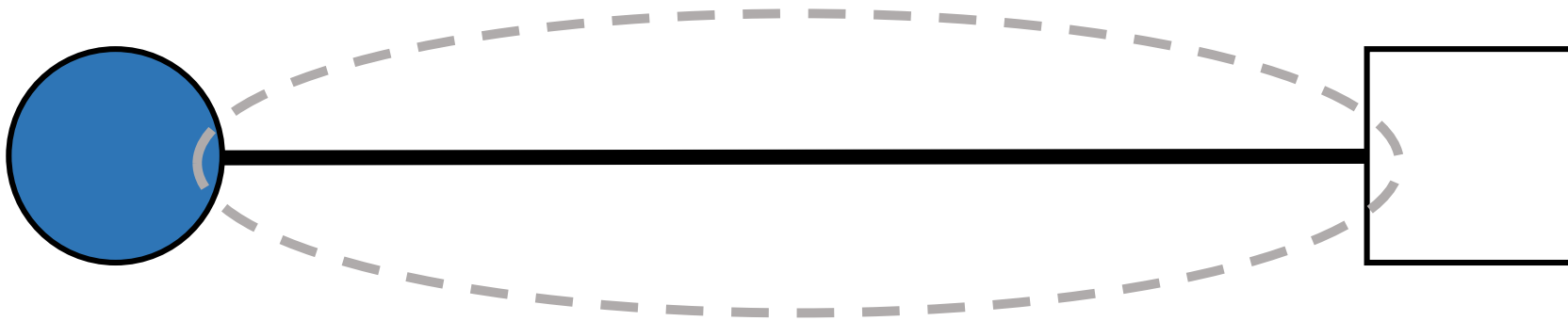
Dyad characteristic: similarity



Dyad characteristic: similarity



Relation



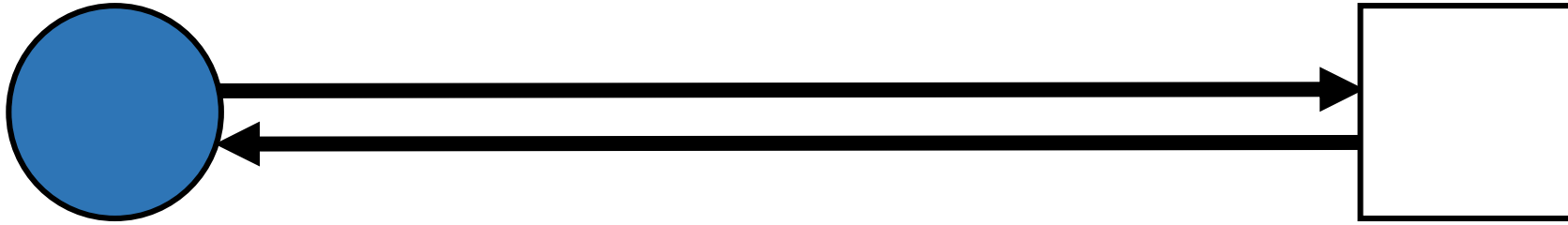
Relation



undirected relation



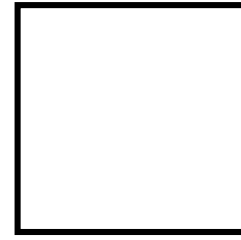
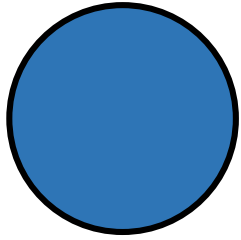
directed relation (or tie, or arc)



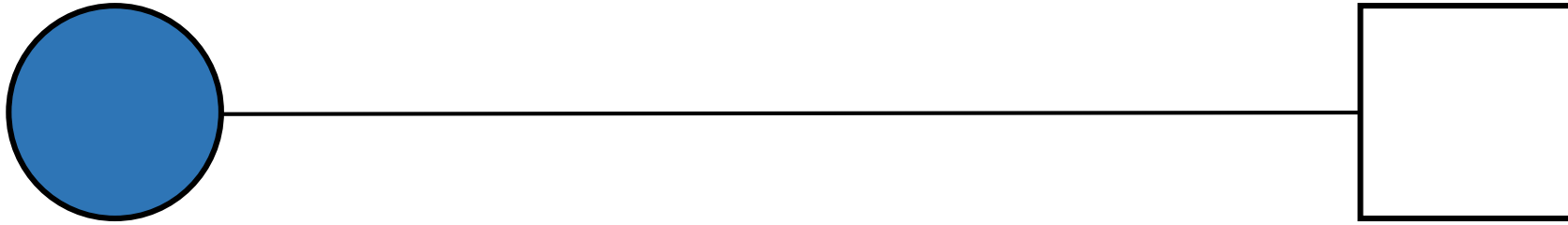
One dyad, two directed relations



Binary relation (**yes/no**)



Binary relation (yes/**no**)



ordinal relation
(**very weak**, weak,
strong, **very strong**)



ordinal relation
(very weak, **weak**,
strong, very strong)



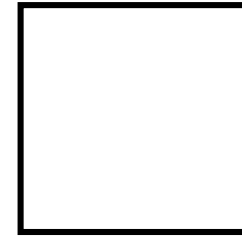
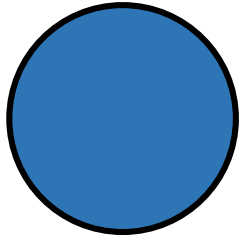
ordinal relation
(very weak, weak,
strong, very strong)



ordinal relation
(very weak, weak,
strong, **very strong**)



Homophily: it is more likely to observe a positive relation between two people who are similar (share defining characteristics) than between people who are different.



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